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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/592,912	12/14/2007	Xiu-Min Li	2005577-0009	5719
	7590 08/24/200 LL & STEWART LLP	,	EXAMINER	
TWO INTERN	ATIONAL PLACE		WINSTON, RANDALL O	
BOSTON, MA	02110		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1655	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/24/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@choate.com

		Applic	cation No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/59	2,912	LI ET AL.		
Office Action Summary			iner	Art Unit		
		Randa	all Winston	1655		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	cation appears on	the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence a	nddress	
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAnsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply we reply received by the Office later than three months afted patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ALING DATE OF f 37 CFR 1.136(a). In n nication. utory period will apply a rill, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUN to event, however, may a and will expire SIX (6) MC application to become a	ICATION. I reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Responsive to communication(s) filed This action is FINAL . 2 Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practic	b)⊠ This action or allowance exc	is non-final. ept for formal ma	· •	ne merits is	
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicati 9)□ 10)□	Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict on Papers The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on is/are: Applicant may not request that any object Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the oath or declaration is objected to	e withdrawn from on and/or election Examiner. a) accepted of ion to the drawing the correction is re-	on requirement. r b)⊡ objected to (s) be held in abeya quired if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 (
•	·	by the Examiner	. Note the attach	sa Office Action of Toffire	10-132.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Infori	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>0709</u> .	O-948)	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application 		

DETAILED ACTION

Acknowledgement is made of the receipt and entry of the amendment filed on 05/19/2009.

Claims 1-14 have been examined on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-14 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Liu (Derwent ACC-NO 2002-217632 or CN 1327805, see abstract) in view of Hwange et al. (US 6,869,621), Prakash et al. (US 20040103908) and Houck et al. (US 20030130200) for the reasons set forth in the previous OFFICE ACTION which are restated below.

Applicant claims a herbal formulation and method for treating and/or lessening the severity of asthma, wherein said formulation consist of Ku-Shen (i.e. sophora root), Ling-zhi (i.e. Reishi), Gan-Cao (i.e. licorice), corticosteroid, bronchodilator (i.e. inhaled) and a pharmaceutical carrier.

Liu teaches a composition (i.e. a pharmaceutical composition) containing Ku-Shen (i.e. sophora root) and a pharmaceutical carrier (i.e. the pharmaceutical could be water) to treat asthma. (see, e.g abstract). Yang, however, does not teach the other

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claimed active ingredients such as Ling-zhi (i.e. Reishi), Gan-Cao (i.e. licorice), corticosteroid, bronchodilator (i.e. inhaled) within Liu's composition to treat asthma.

Hwange beneficially teaches that Ling-zhi (i.e. reishi) treats asthma (see. e.g. column 8 lines 4-12).

Prakash beneficially teaches Gan-Cao (i.e. licorice) treats asthma (see. e.g. paragraph 008).

Houck benefically teaches corticosteroid and bronchodilator (i.e. an inhaled bronchodilator) treat asthma (see. e.g. paragraph 0005 and 0007).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Liu's herbal formulation to include the other claimed active ingredients as taught by Hwange, Prakash and Houck within Liu's herbal formulation whereby the above cited combined reference teaching as a whole would create the claimed herbal formation and/or claimed method comprising of the claimed active ingredients to treat asthma in a subject in need thereof. Moreover, when the same combined herbal formation as a whole as the claimed invention's herbal formulation is administered to a subject in need thereof to treat asthma, the same combined herbal formulation as a whole would intrinsically have the same claimed functional effects within a subject in need thereof body (i.e. the functional effect of suppressing GATA-3 in a subject in need thereof and/or suppressing the activation of memory Th2 cells in a subject in need thereof) as the claimed inventions. Furthermore, as discussed in MPEP Section 2114.06, "it is *prima facie* obvious to combine two or more compositions each of which is taught by the prior art to be useful for the same

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purpose (i.e. to treat asthma in a subject in need thereof), in order to form a third composition to used for the same purpose." Moreover, the adjustment of other conventional working conditions (e.g. determining suitable amounts/ranges of each active ingredient within the claimed composition), is deemed merely a matter of judicious selection and routine optimization which is well within the purview of the skilled artisan.

Accordingly, the claimed invention was prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Applicant arguments have been fully considered but they are not deemed persuasive. Applicant argues that one skilled in the art of medicinal herbal formulations would not simply conclude that a single component of an eight component formulation could be used successfully for the same therapeutic purpose as the more complex formulation. Moreover, Applicant argues that the Declaration that includes Exhibit A filed on 05/19/2009 and Applicant's working examples clearly establishes that the combination of ingredients has a synergistic effect.

Although Applicant argues that one skilled in the art of medicinal herbal formulations would not simply conclude that a single component of an eight component formulation could be used successfully for the same therapeutic purpose as the more complex formulation, Applicant argument is not found persuasive because since the other cited secondary references are cited by examiner to remedy Liu's deficiencies, it

would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Liu's herbal formulation to include the other claimed active ingredients as taught by Hwange, Prakash and Houck within Liu's herbal formulation whereby the above cited combined reference teaching as a whole would create the claimed herbal formation and/or claimed method comprising of the claimed active ingredients to treat asthma in a subject in need thereof. Furthermore, as discussed in MPEP Section 2114.06, "it is *prima facie* obvious to combine two or more compositions each of which is taught by the prior art to be useful for the same purpose (i.e. to treat asthma in a subject in need thereof), in order to form a third composition to used for the same purpose."

Moreover, although Applicant argues that the Declaration that includes Exhibit A filed on 05/19/2009 and Applicant's working examples clearly establishes that the combination of ingredients has a synergistic effect, Applicant argument is not found persuasive because it appears to examiner that applicant has not claimed any specific effective amounts and/or ranges of active ingredients within its claimed composition of claims 1-14 to determine whether applicants' claimed composition invention demonstrates unexpected results and synergism. What specific effective amounts and/or ranges of active ingredients within applicants' claimed composition of claims 1-14 (i.e. especially in independent claims 1) produce unexpected results and synergism?

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Randall Winston whose telephone number is 571-272-0972. The examiner can normally be reached on 8AM-5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terry McKelvey can be reached on 571-272-0775. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

RW

/Christopher R. Tate/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1655